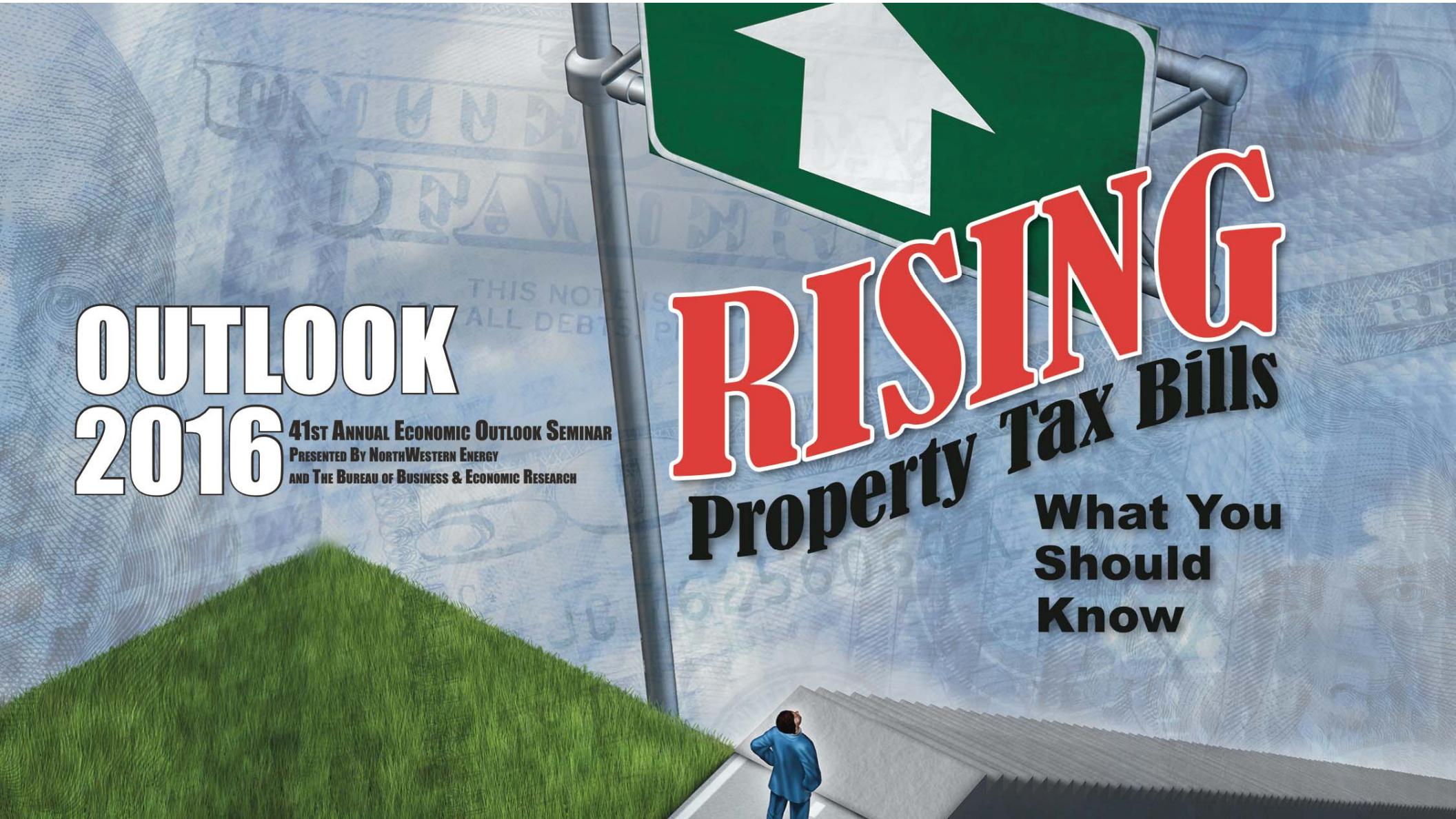


# OUTLOOK 2016

41ST ANNUAL ECONOMIC OUTLOOK SEMINAR  
PRESENTED BY NORTHWESTERN ENERGY  
AND THE BUREAU OF BUSINESS & ECONOMIC RESEARCH

# RISING Property Tax Bills

What You  
Should  
Know



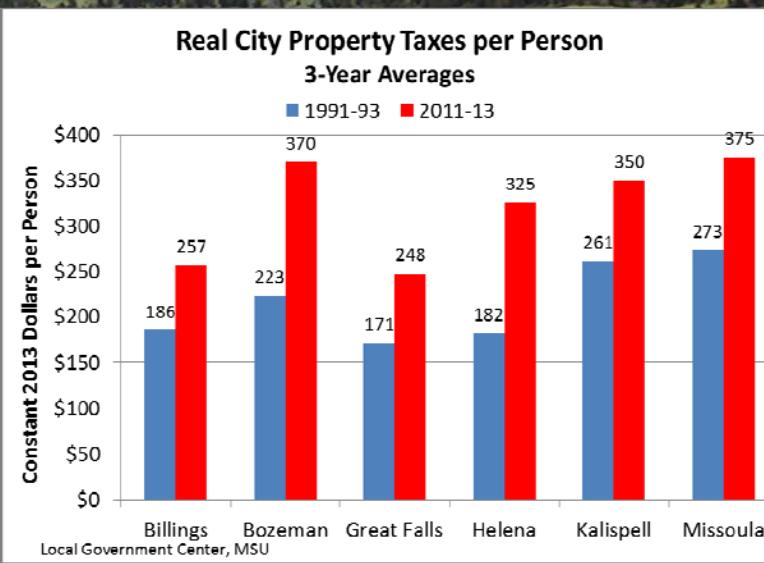
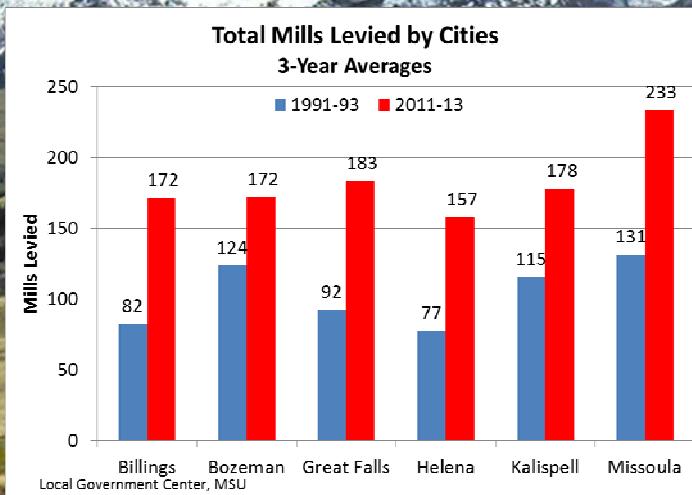


# Property Taxes Are Everywhere

- In your mailbox
- In your mortgage payment
- In your shopping bills
- In your utility bills
- In your business bottom line



# Property Taxes Are Growing



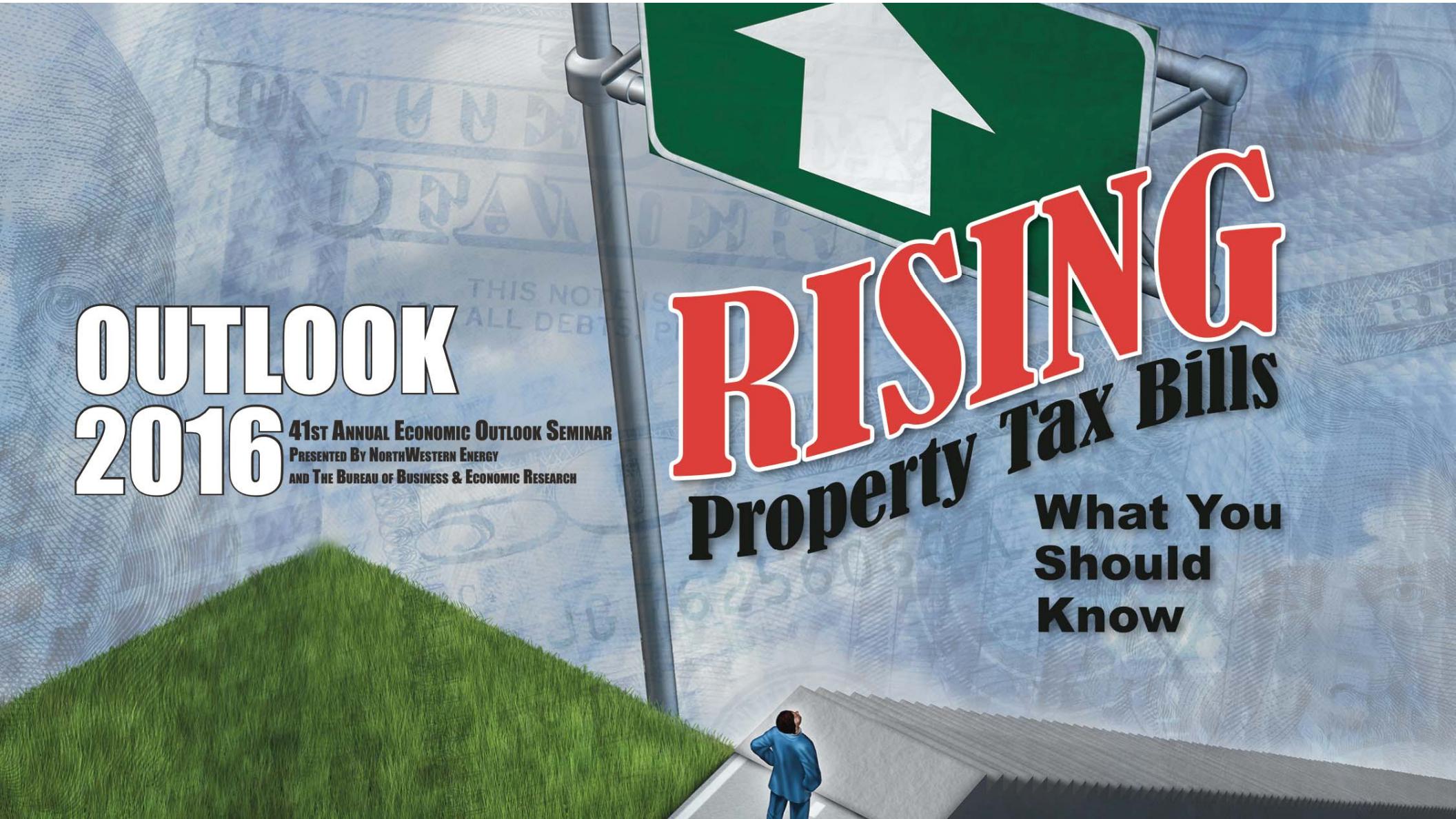
Do We Know  
Why?

# OUTLOOK 2016

41ST ANNUAL ECONOMIC OUTLOOK SEMINAR  
PRESENTED BY NORTHWESTERN ENERGY  
AND THE BUREAU OF BUSINESS & ECONOMIC RESEARCH

# RISING Property Tax Bills

What You  
Should  
Know



# The State and National Economic Outlook

Back to Full Employment

Patrick M. Barkey  
Director  
Bureau of Business  
and Economic Research

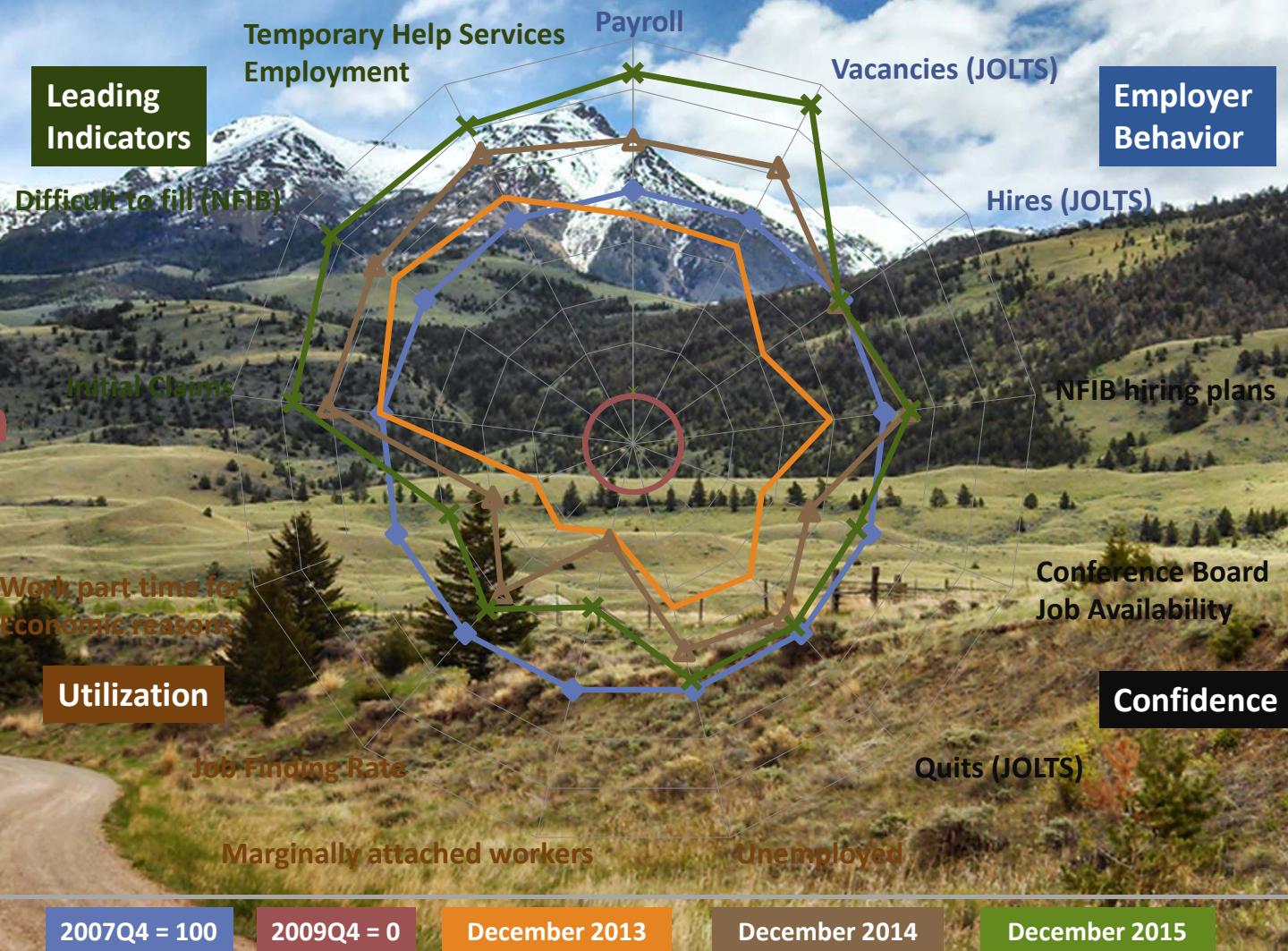




# The U.S. Economy: Good But Not Great

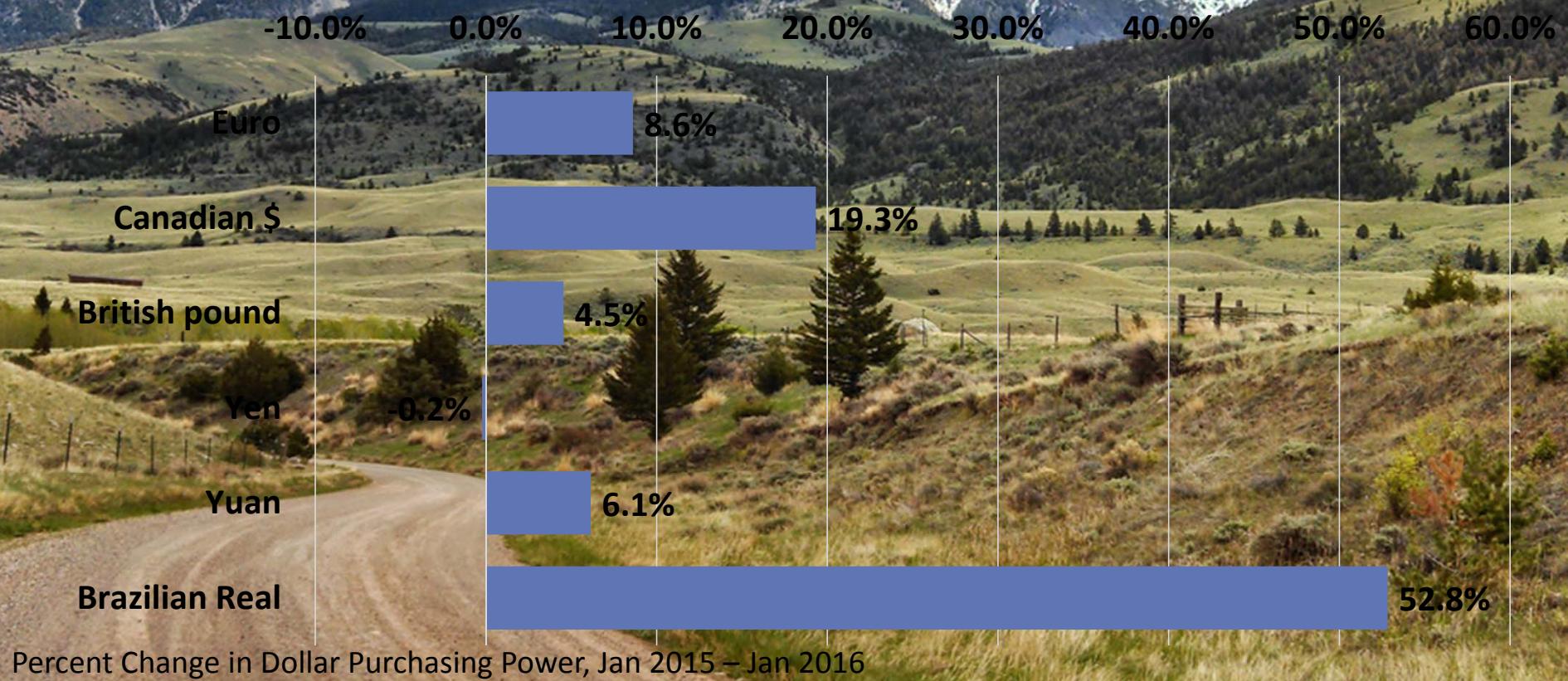
- Even slow growth in the world's largest economy eventually adds up
- Expected surge in spending from lower energy prices fails to materialize
- Weakening economies abroad, stronger dollar combine to hurt exports
- U.S. job growth engine hits a higher gear
- Virtuous cycle of spending growth – job growth – income growth has solidified
- Are we getting back to easy credit?

# Seven Years of Job Growth Solves Problems

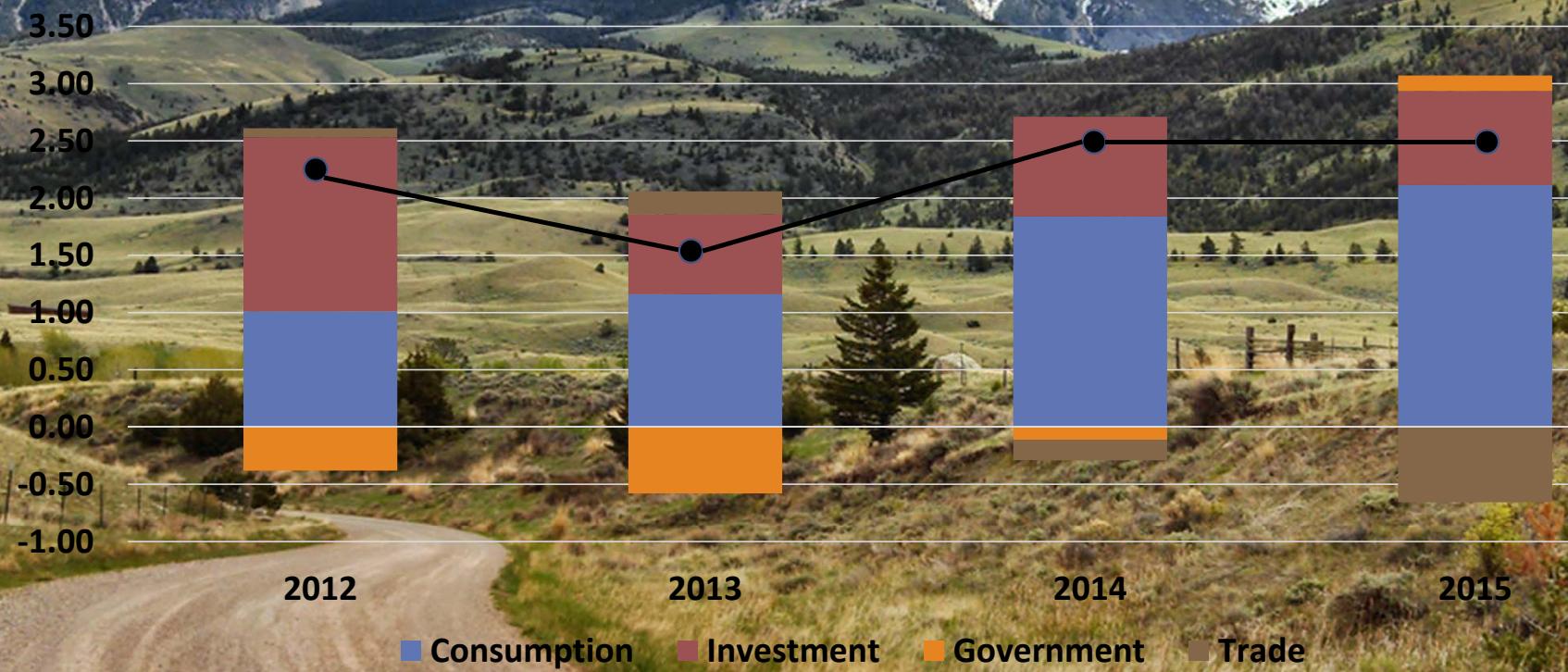


Source: Atlanta Federal Reserve Bank

# U.S. Goods Are More Expensive Than One Year Ago



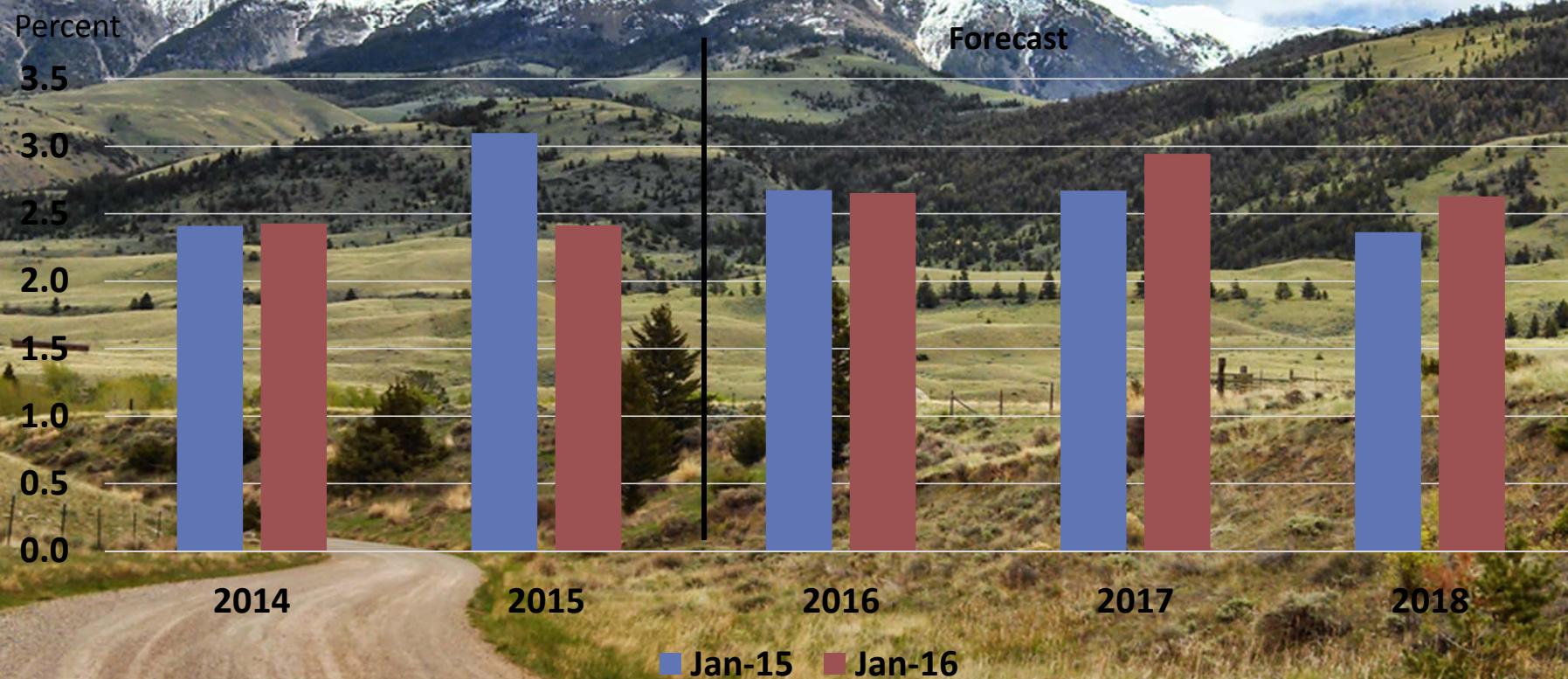
# The Nature of U.S. Growth Has Changed



U.S. GDP Growth, Percent

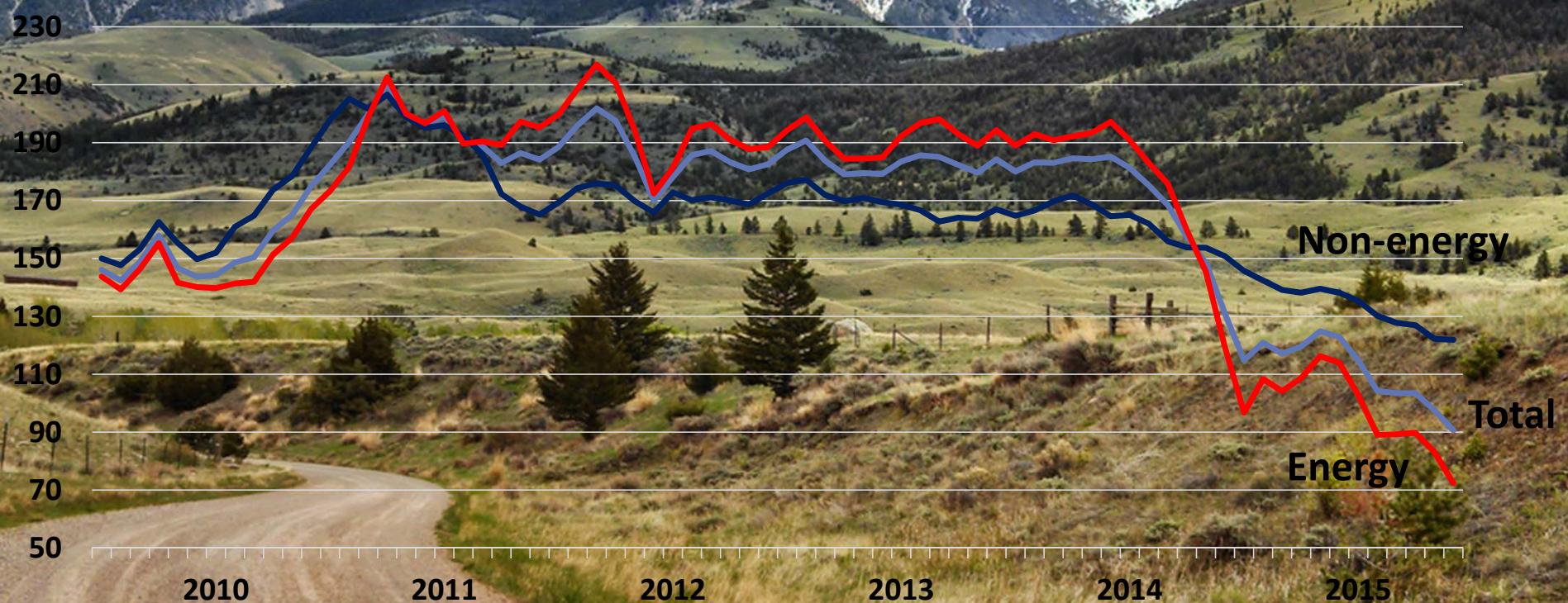
# Growth Expectations Have Adjusted Downward

## Growth in GDP, Actual and Forecast

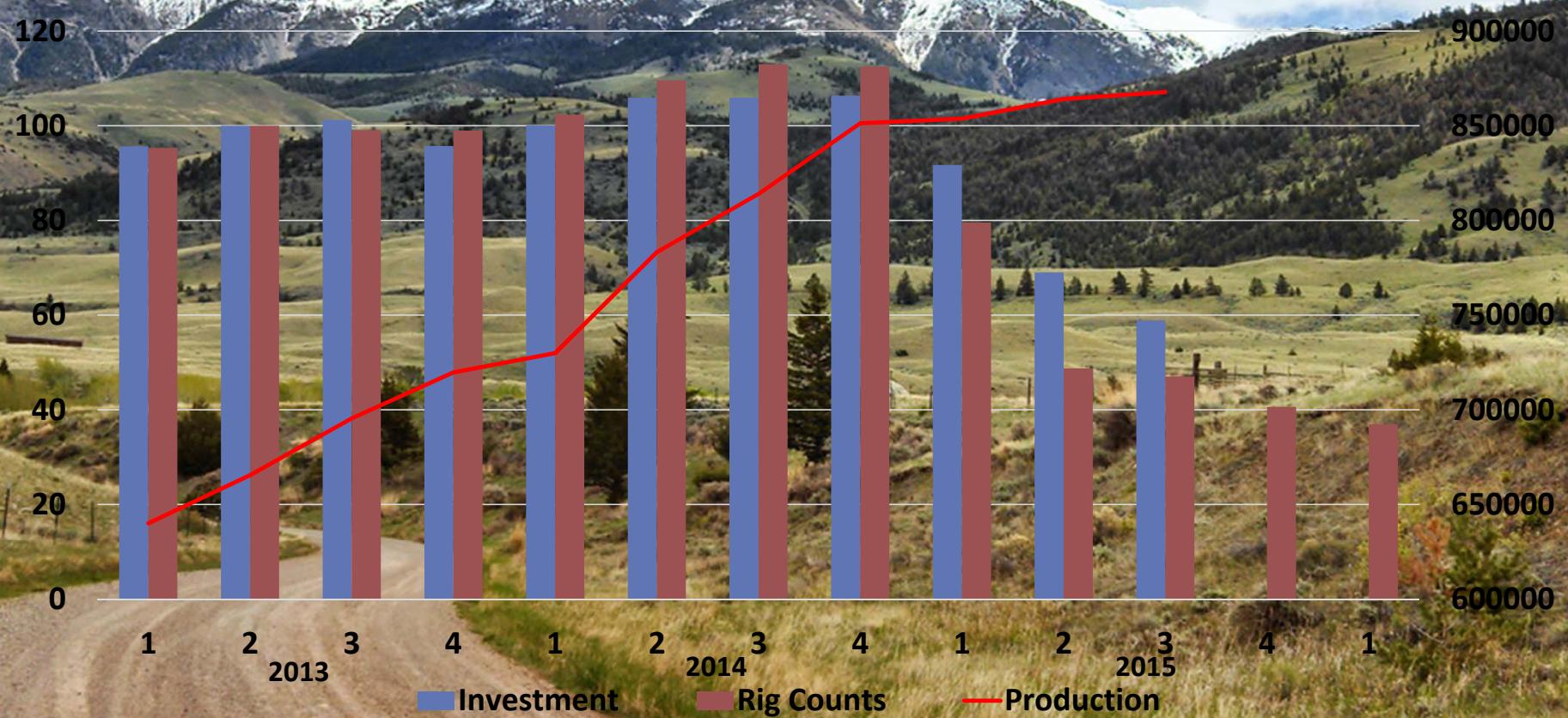


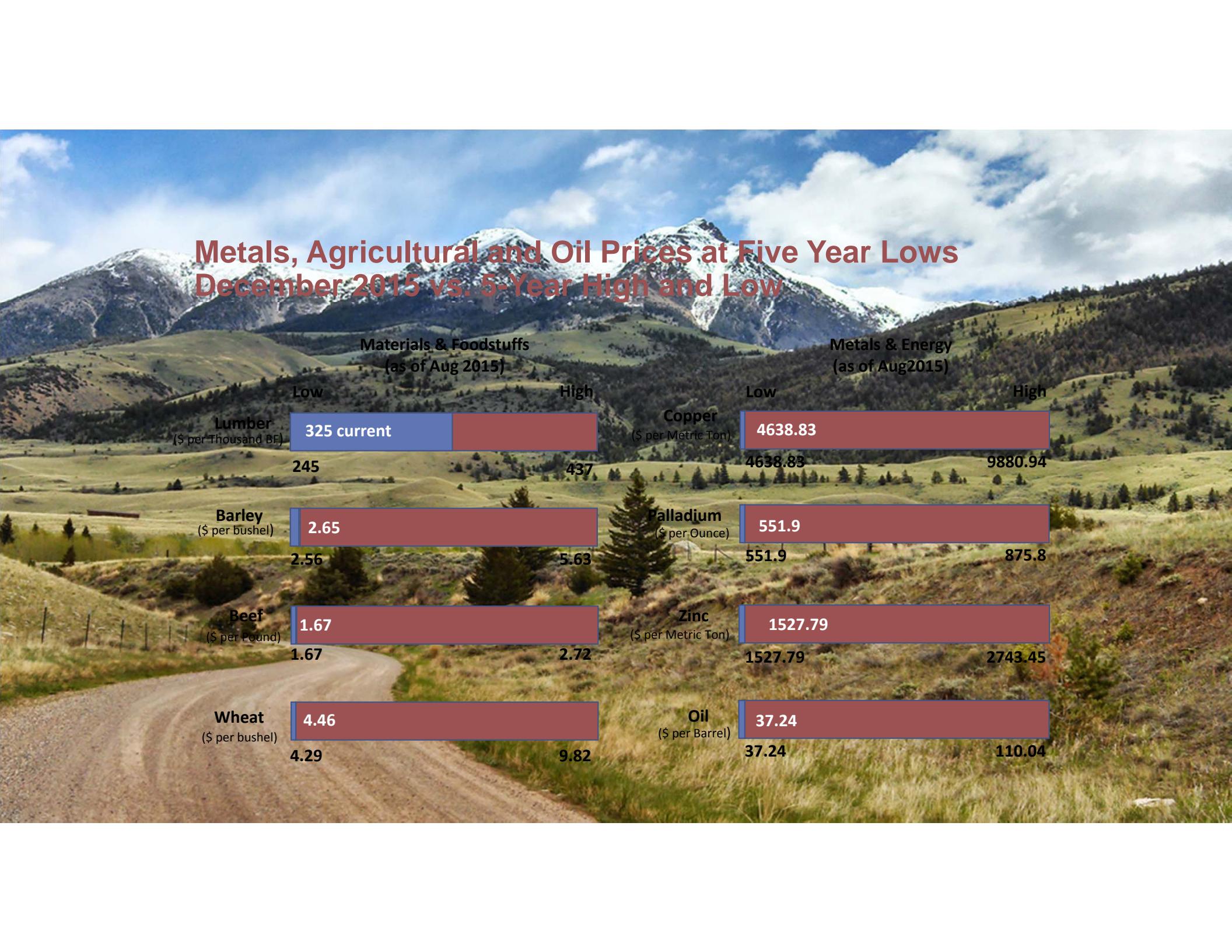
Source: IHS, Inc.

# Another Fall for Commodity Prices



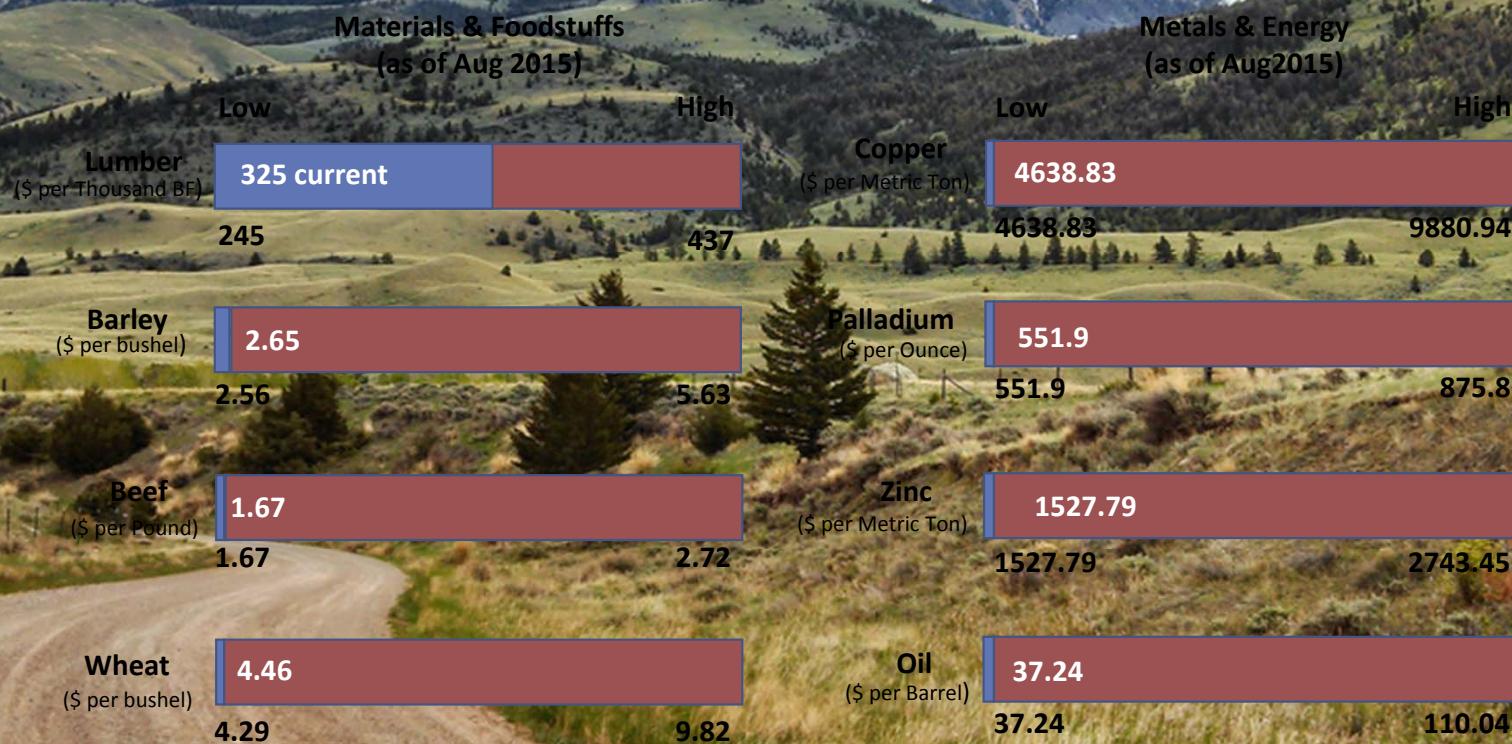
# Prices Bending, But Not Breaking, Oil Production Gains





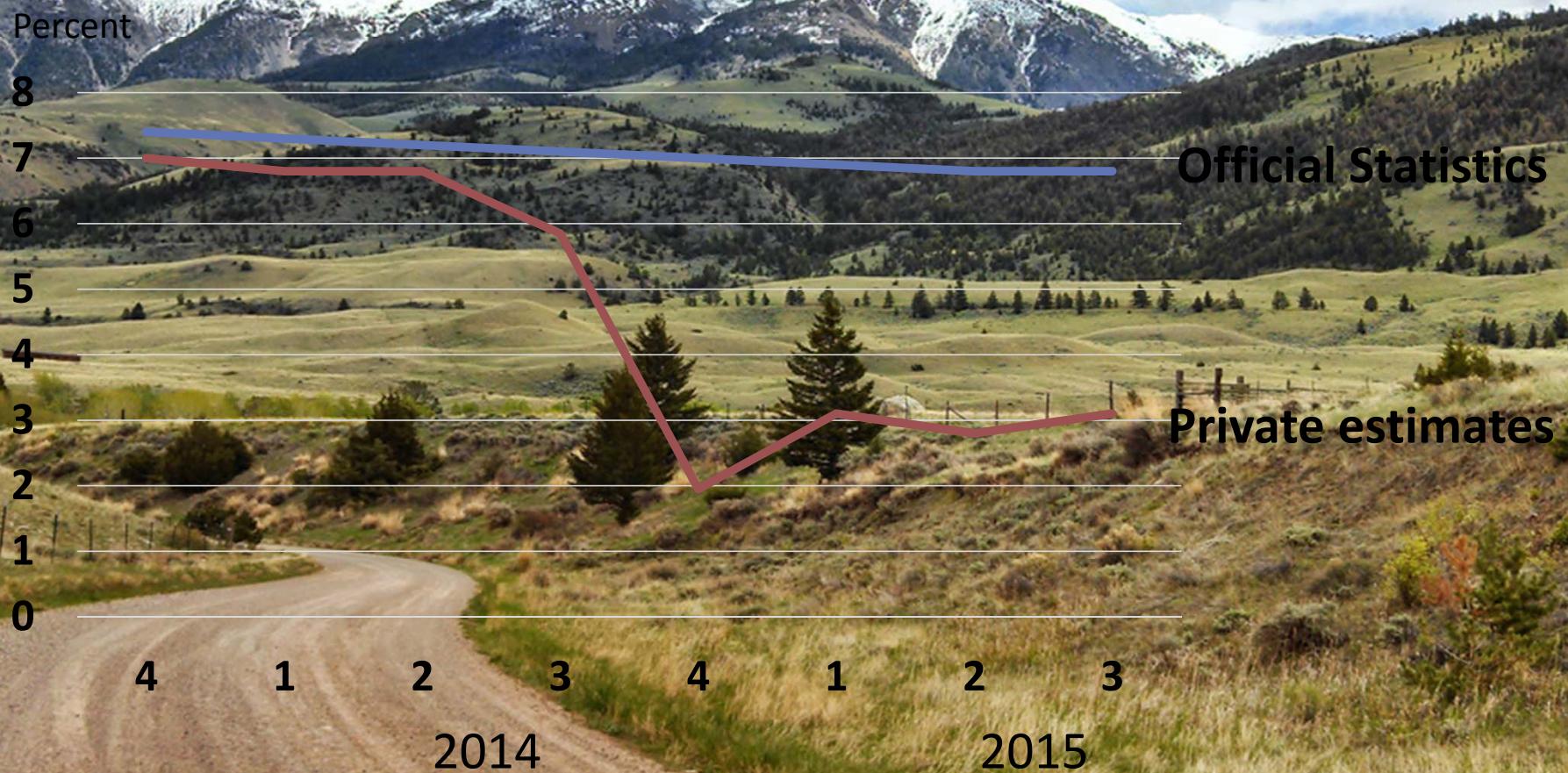
## Metals, Agricultural and Oil Prices at Five Year Lows

### December 2015 vs. 5-Year High and Low



# Does Anyone Know What Chinese Growth Is?

## GDP Growth, Percent, China



# **U.S. Outlook Summary**

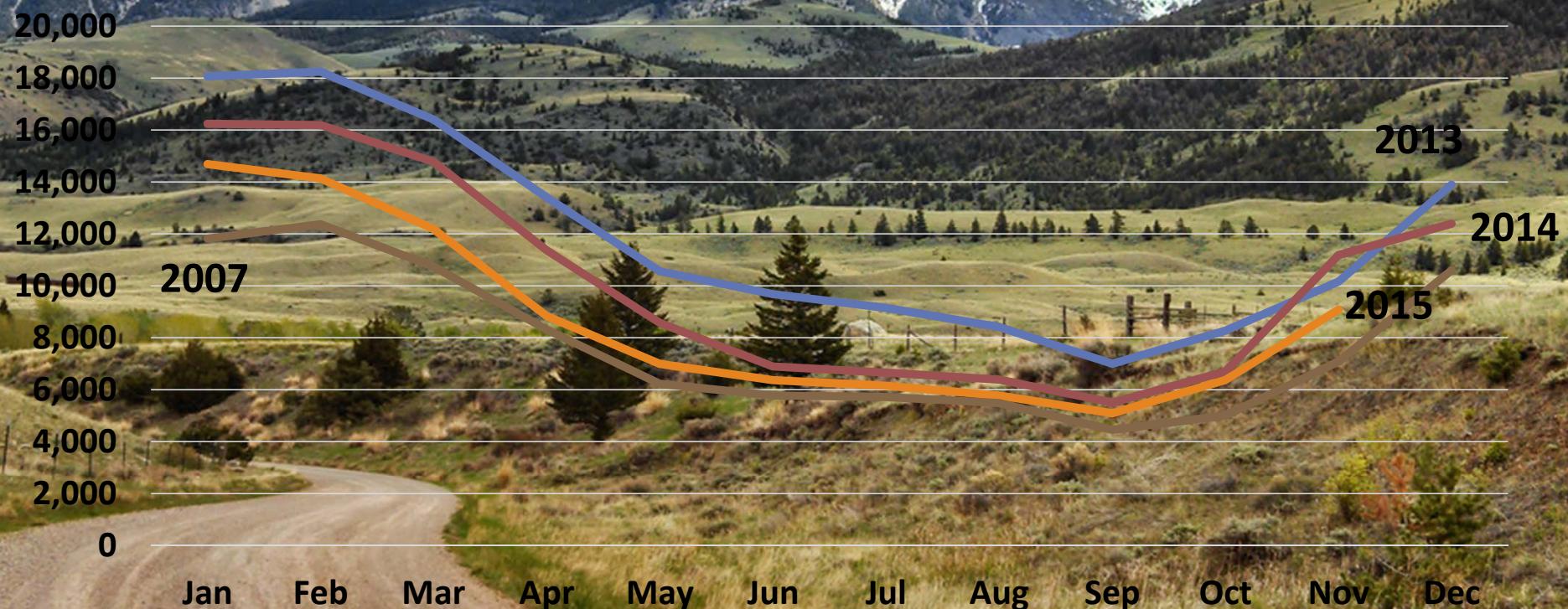
- U.S. consumer spending now powering the economic recovery
- Old fuel for growth – business spending, global growth – is spent
- Global slowdown is most evident in commodity prices
- Federal Reserve “liftoff” – raising rates accomplished
- How much longer can the U.S. go it alone?



# The Montana Economy Reaches Full Employment

- Growth has shifted west as commodities stumble and construction improves
- Labor market slackness has largely disappeared
- Broad growth across most industries helps boost tax revenues, wages
- Commodity prices, grain prices and the weak Canadian dollar are spoiling the party for some
- New focus: construction and retailing

# Unemployment Claims Show Steady Improvement



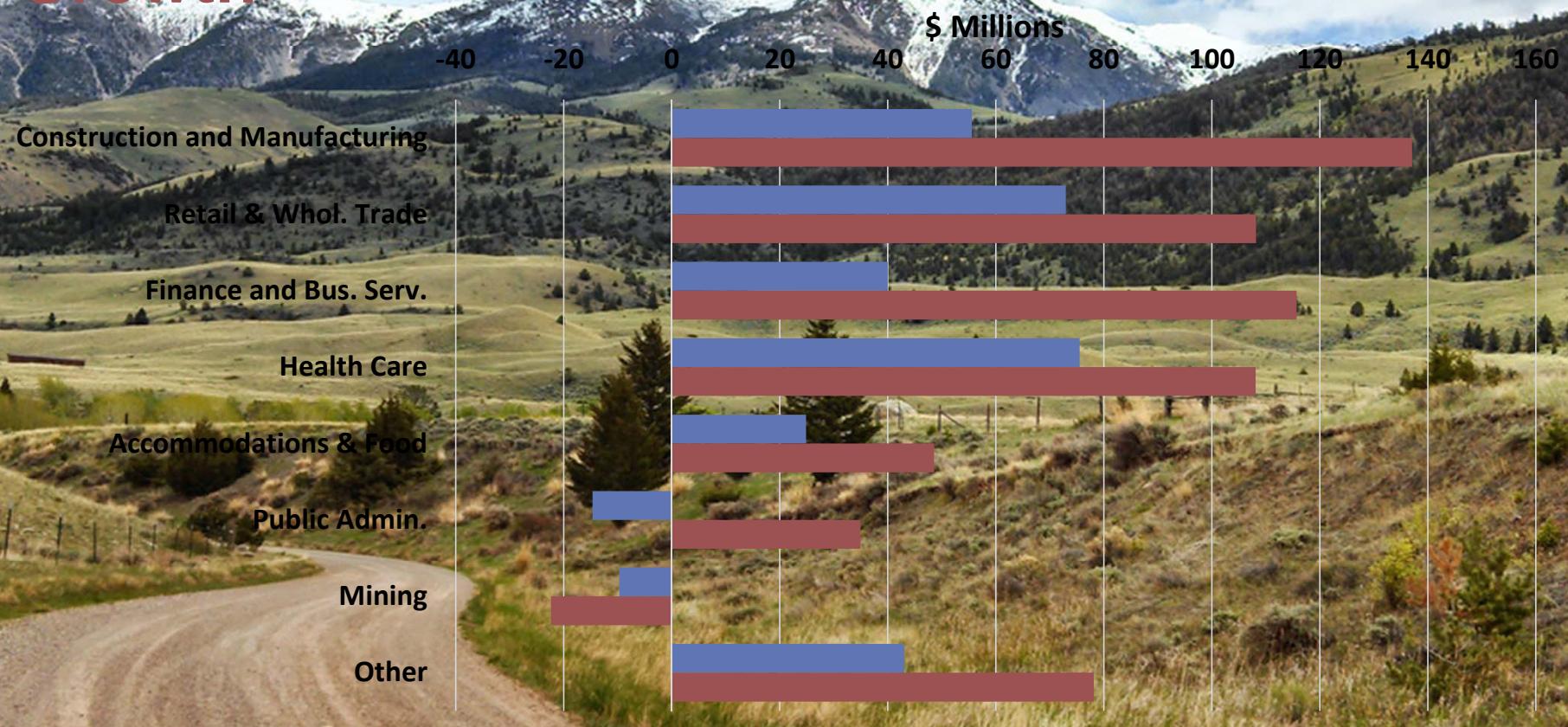
Monthly Unemployment Claims, Montana.

# Wages Grew Faster Than Employment Last Year



Percent Change in Payroll Employment and Inflation-Corrected Wages, Montana  
Note: Data are for fiscal years.

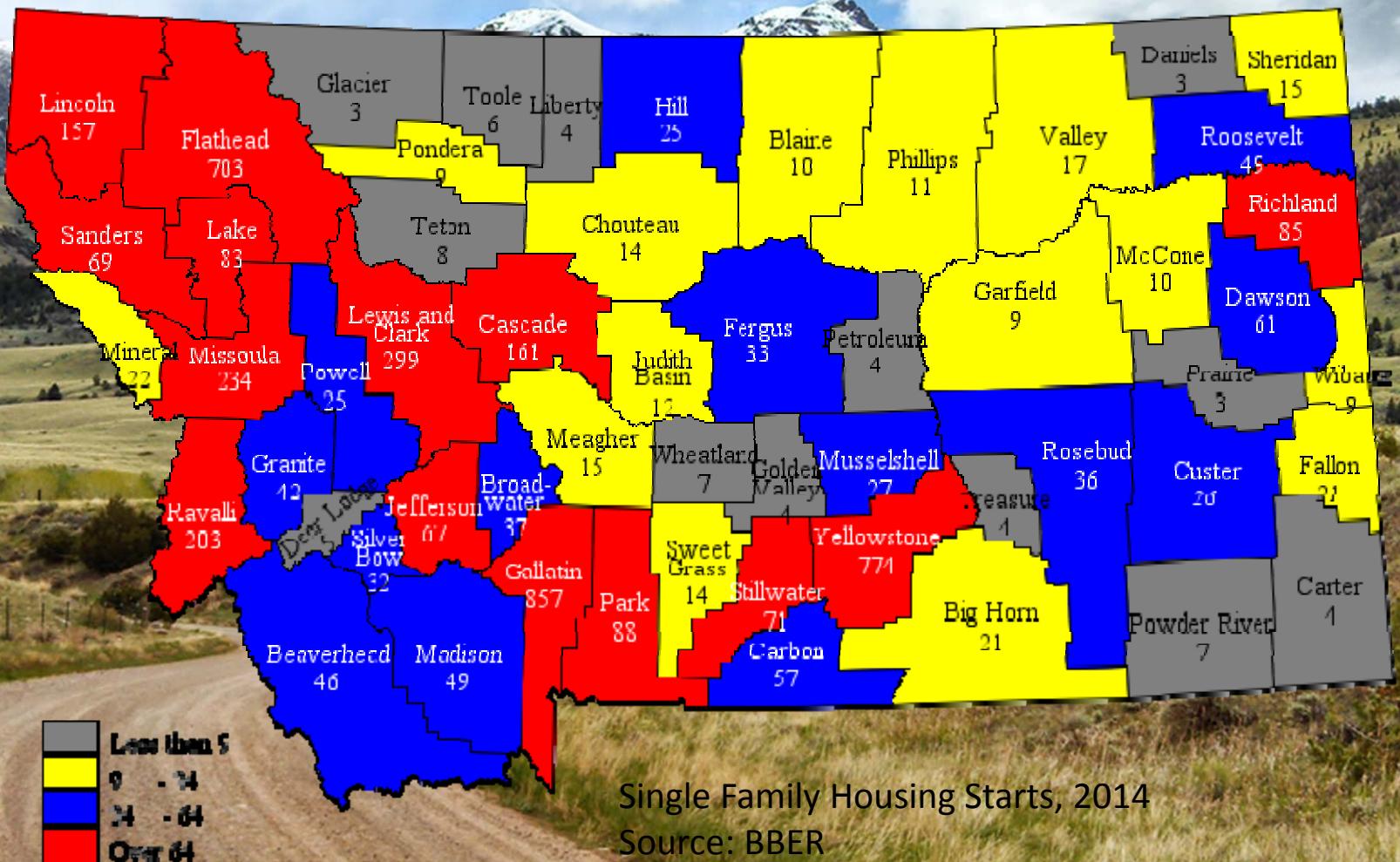
# What's Driving Growth in Montana: Wage Growth



Growth in Inflation-Corrected Wages,  
Difference in Fiscal Year Totals, \$ Millions.

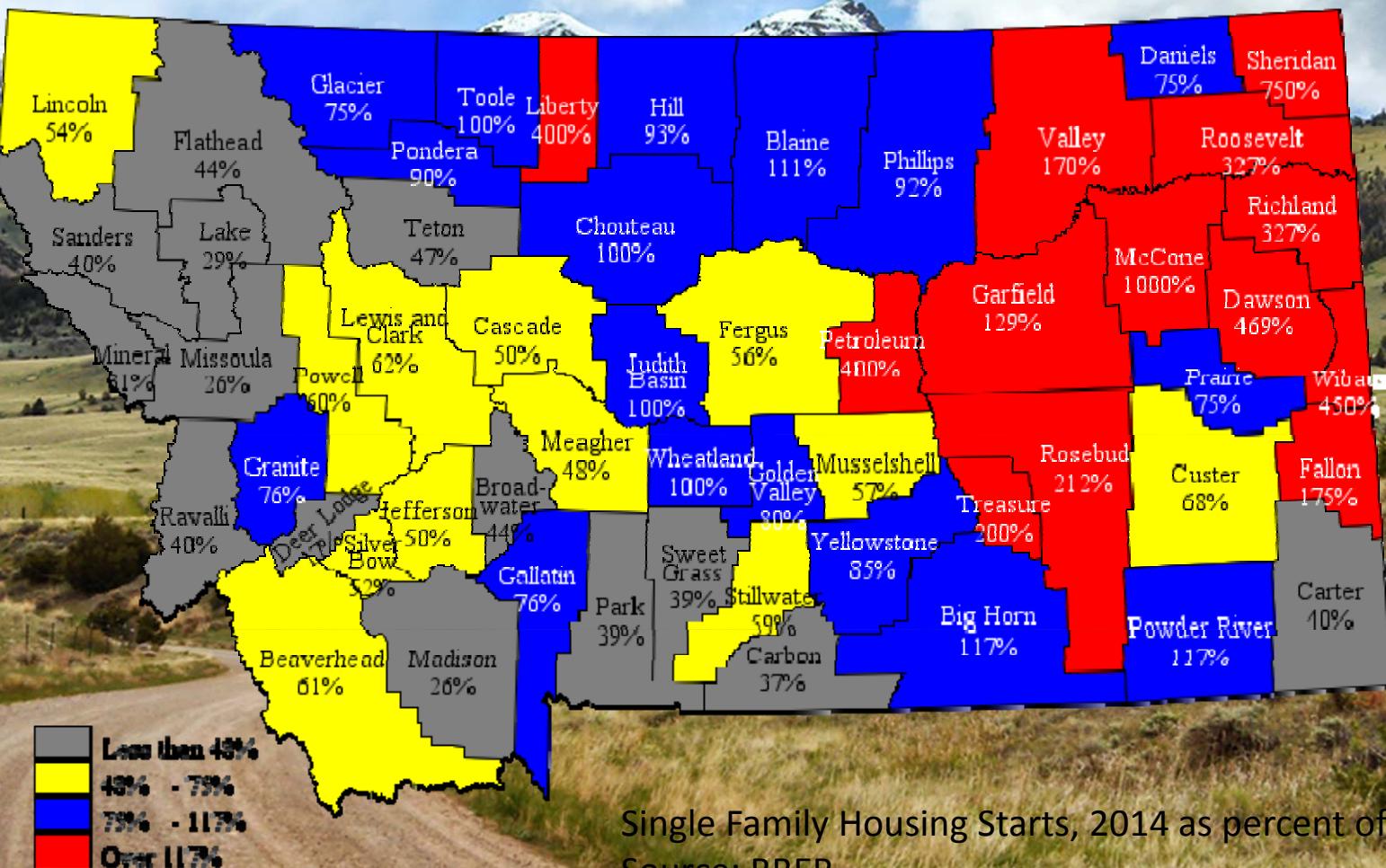
■ 2014 ■ 2015

# Single Family Home Construction Tilts West



Single Family Housing Starts, 2014  
Source: BBER

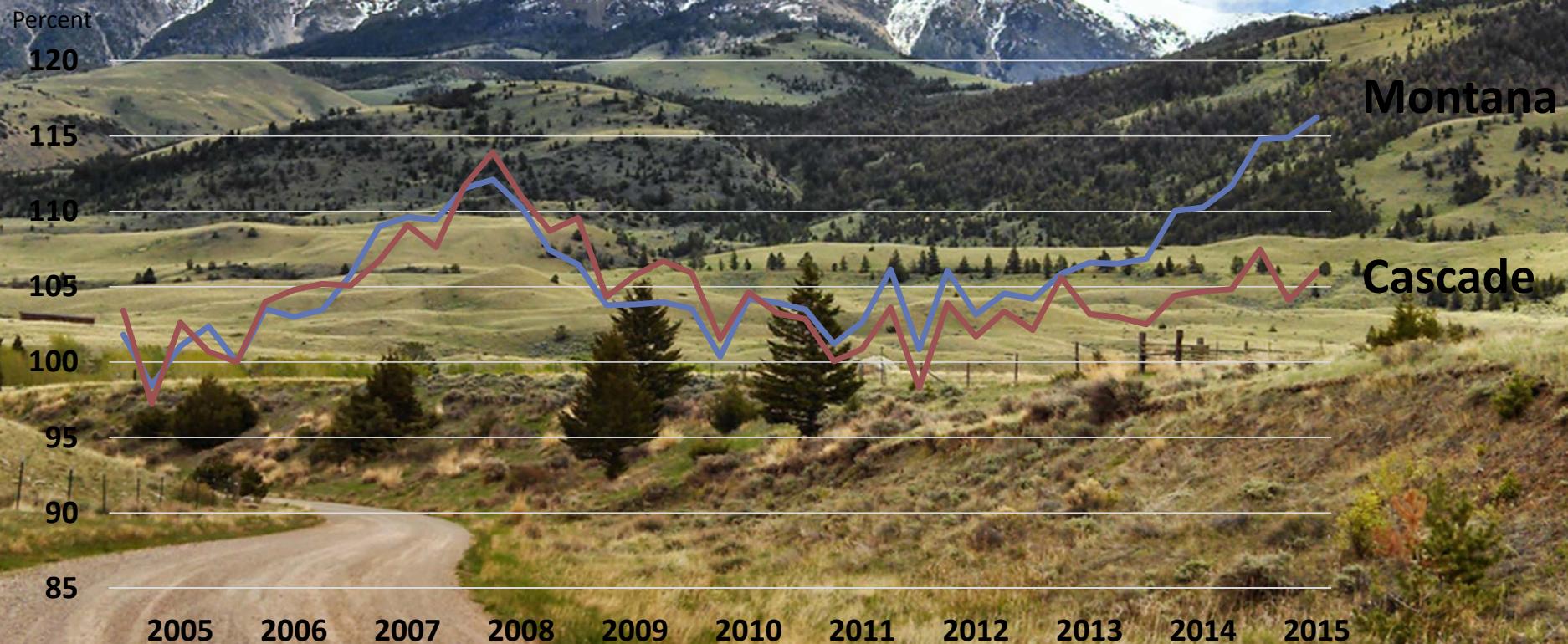
# Housing Starts Still Far Off Their 2005 Peaks



Single Family Housing Starts, 2014 as percent of 2005  
Source: BBER

# Retail Wages, Inflation-Corrected, 2005-15

## Cascade County vs. Montana



Index, 2005Q4=100, seasonally adjusted by BBER.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and Bureau of Economic Analysis.

# Retail Wages, Inflation-Corrected, 2005-15

## Flathead County vs. Montana

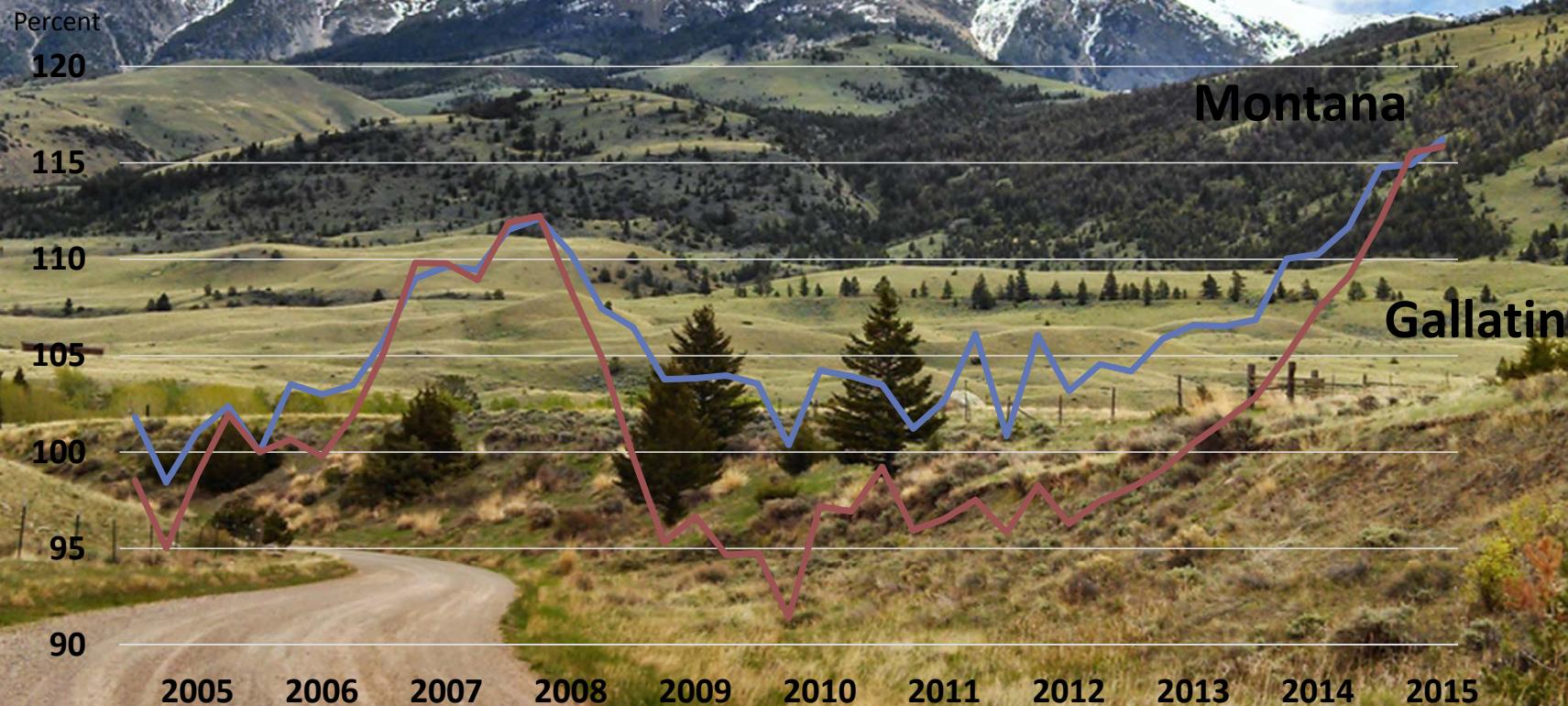


Index, 2005Q4=100, seasonally adjusted by BBER.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and Bureau of Economic Analysis.

# Retail Wages, Inflation-Corrected, 2005-15

## Gallatin County vs. Montana

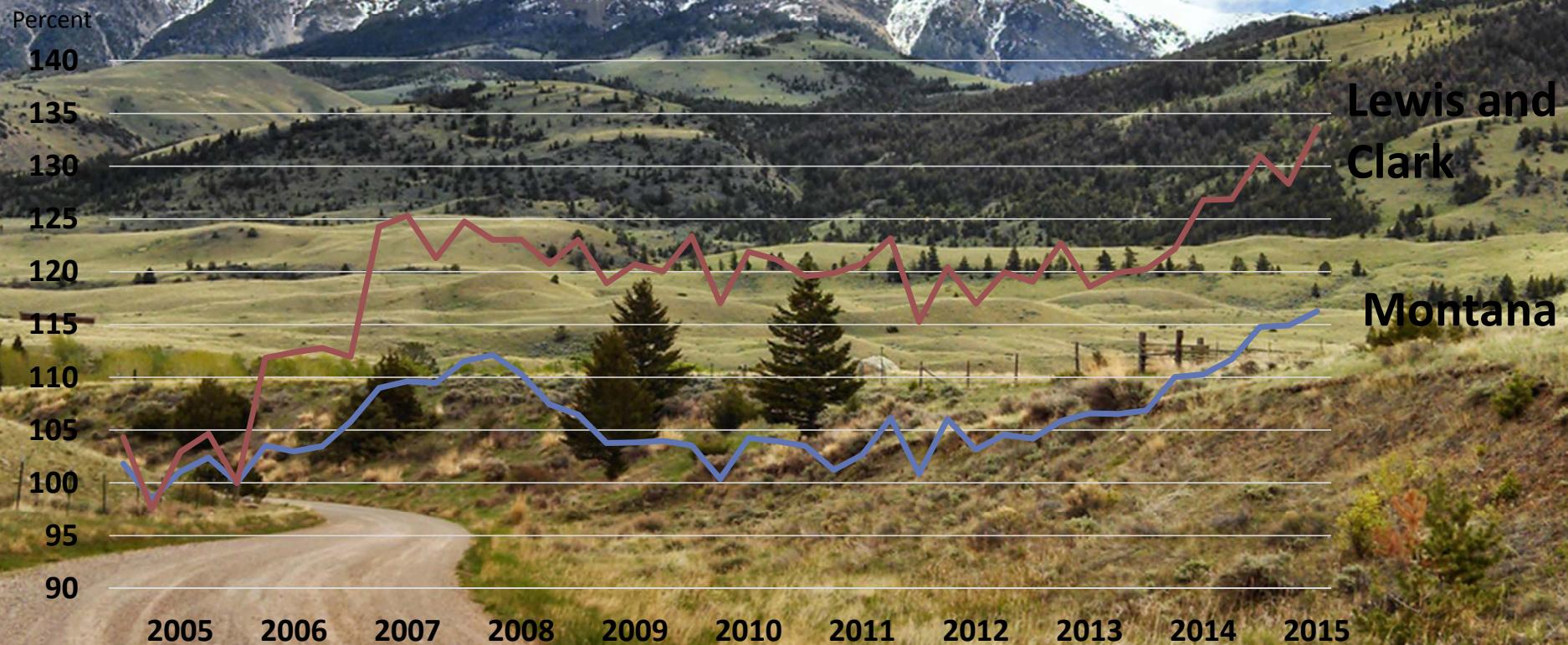


Index, 2005Q4=100, seasonally adjusted by BBER.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and Bureau of Economic Analysis.

# Retail Wages, Inflation-Corrected, 2005-15

## Lewis and Clark County vs. Montana



Index, 2005Q4=100, seasonally adjusted by BBER.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and Bureau of Economic Analysis.

# Retail Wages, Inflation-Corrected, 2005-15

## Missoula County vs. Montana

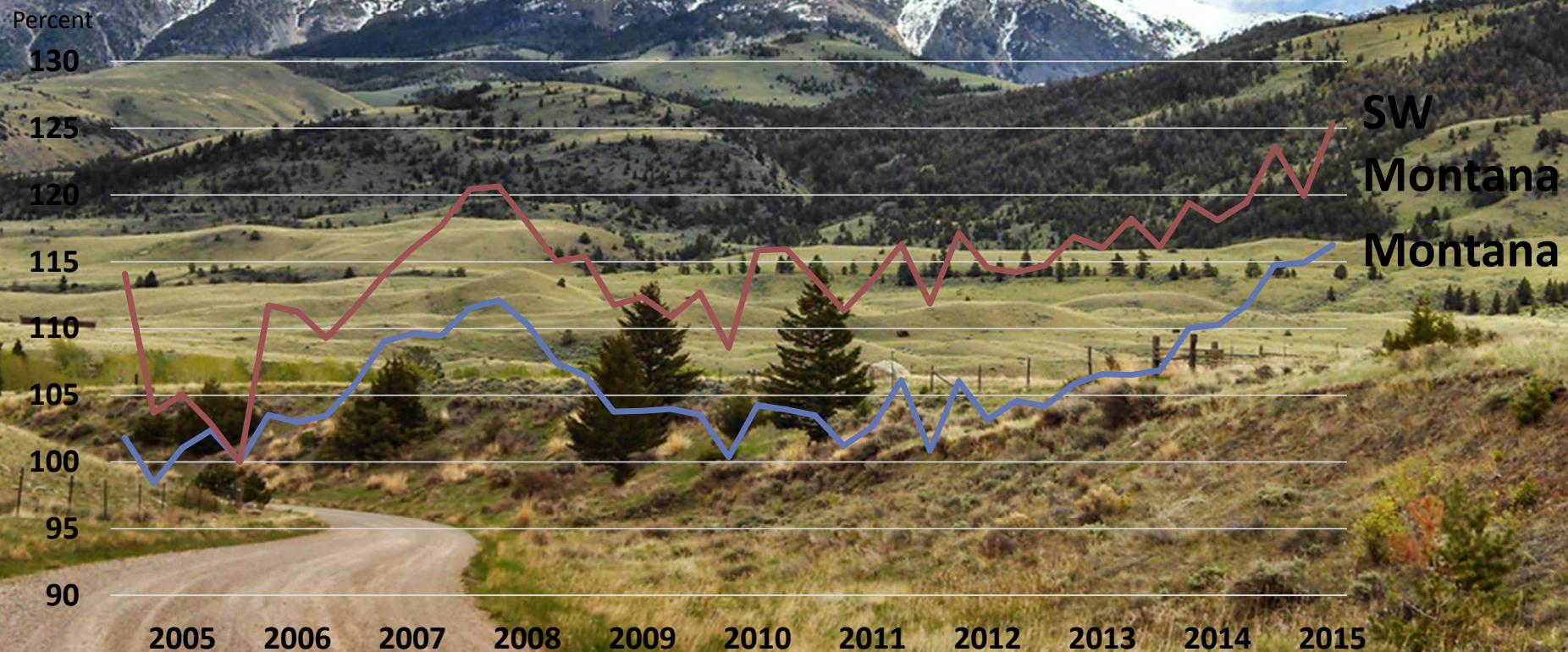


Index, 2005Q4=100, seasonally adjusted by BBER.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and Bureau of Economic Analysis.

# Retail Wages, Inflation-Corrected, 2005-15

## Southwest Montana vs. Montana



Index, 2005Q4=100, seasonally adjusted by BBER.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and Bureau of Economic Analysis.

# Retail Wages, Inflation-Corrected, 2005-15

Yellowstone County vs. Montana

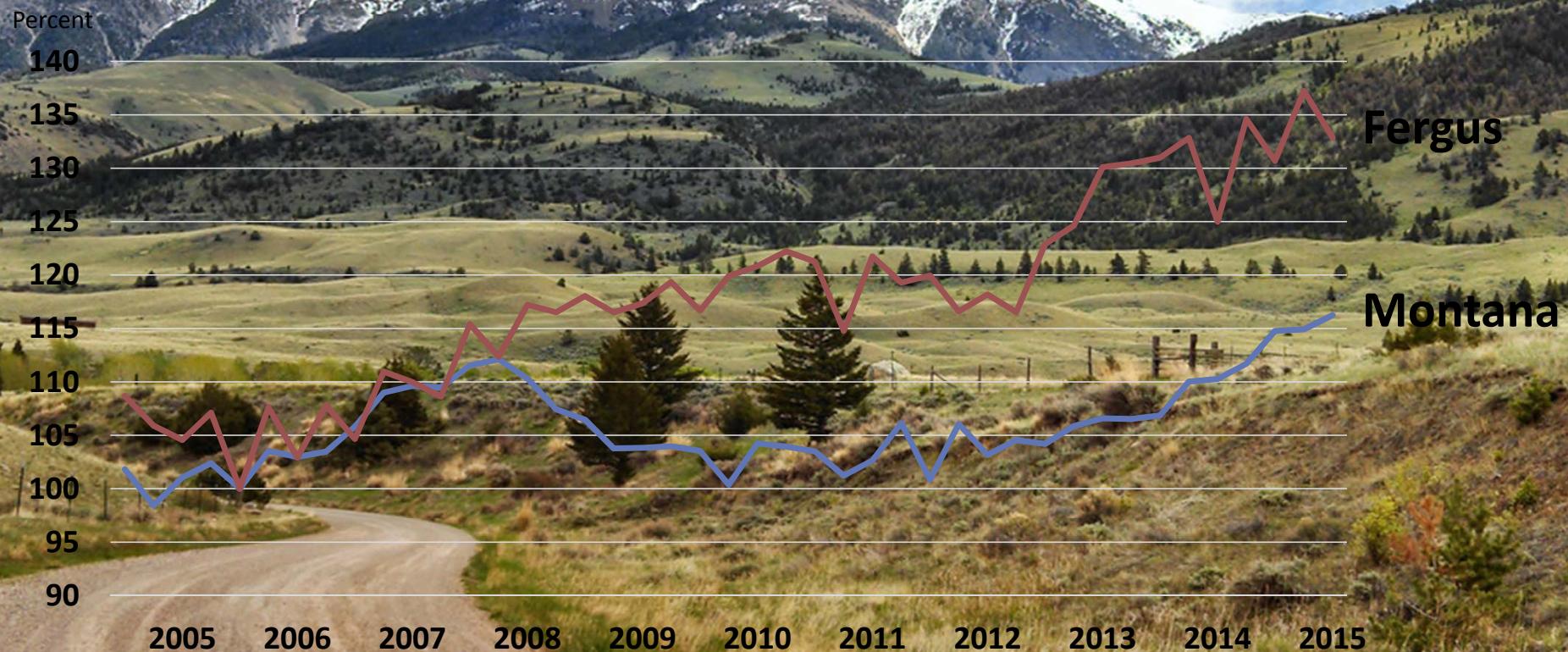


Index, 2005Q4=100, seasonally adjusted by BBER.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and Bureau of Economic Analysis.

# Retail Wages, Inflation-Corrected, 2005-15

## Fergus County vs. Montana

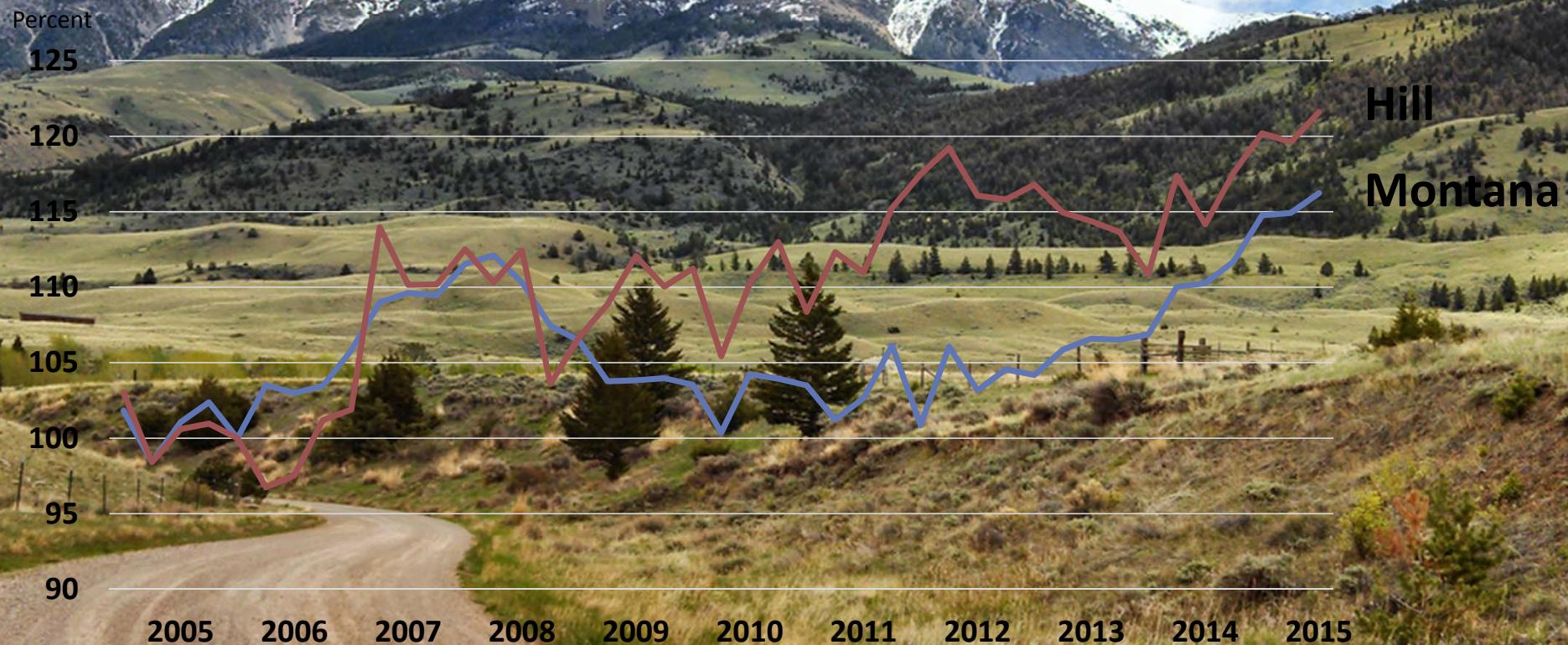


Index, 2005Q4=100, seasonally adjusted by BBER.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and Bureau of Economic Analysis.

# Retail Wages, Inflation-Corrected, 2005-15

## Hill County vs. Montana



Index, 2005Q4=100, seasonally adjusted by BBER.

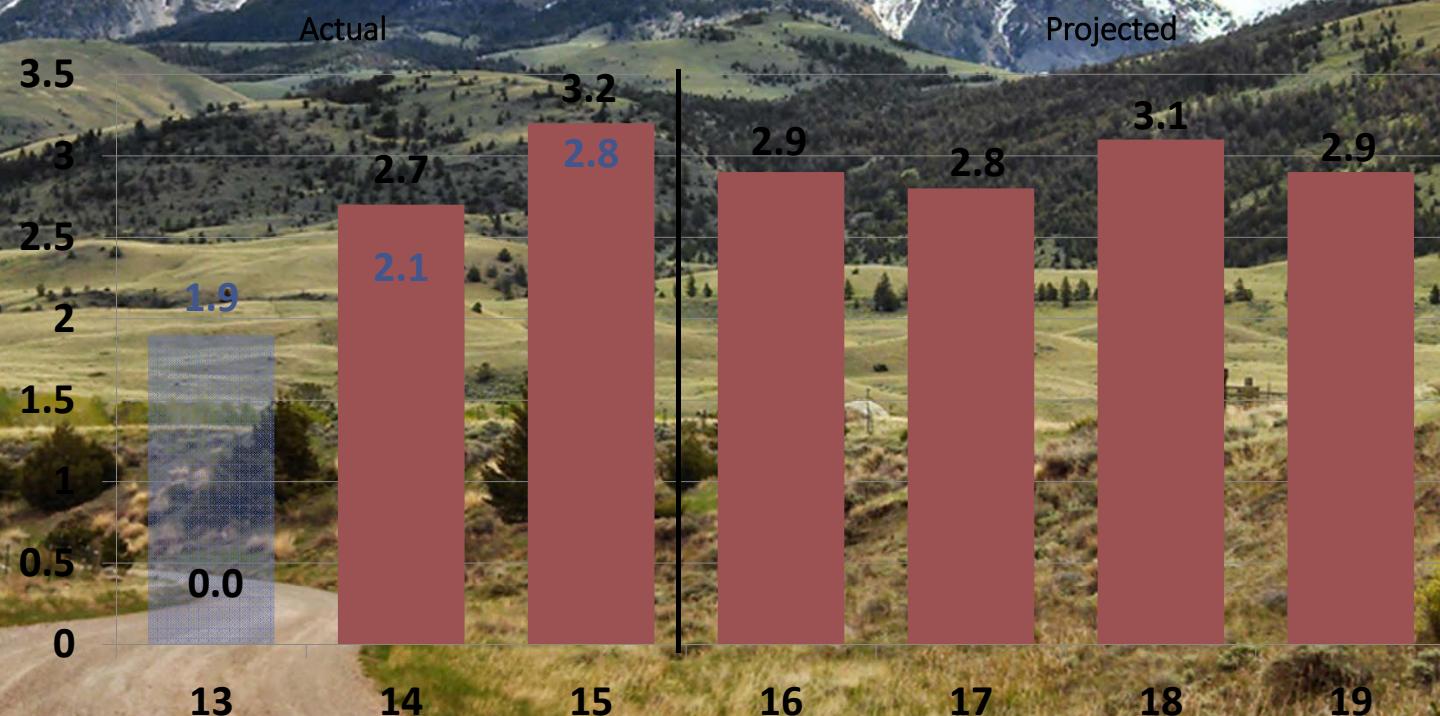
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and Bureau of Economic Analysis.

# What's Ahead for Montana's Key Industries?

- Construction, manufacturing, and visitor spending continue to be bright spots
- Worst of the impacts for energy lie ahead
- Agriculture producers are looking at a different price environment
- Pressures on government spending have eased significantly
- Stage is set for broader, if less spectacular growth



## Change in Nonfarm Earnings, Montana, 2013-2019



A scenic landscape featuring a range of mountains in the background, their peaks covered in white snow. In the middle ground, there are green hills dotted with small trees and shrubs. A dirt road curves along the bottom left of the frame. The sky is blue with scattered white clouds.

Questions?